

Welcoming words – In cooperation for a bright Baltic future

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Environmental policy (City Council sept 2012)

- Long-term objectives (2050) & medium-term objectives (2020)
- •The objectives cover the following fields:
 - -Climate protection
 - -Air protection
 - -Noise abatement
 - -Water protection
 - -Nature & Soil protection
 - -Procurement, waste & material efficiency
 - -Environmental awareness & responsibility
 - -Environmental management & partnerships





Objectives – water protection

In a mid-term perspective

- The marine environment outside Helsinki is in good quality by 2020 as the EU Marine Strategy Framework Directive states
- By additional measures according to the water management plan the good quality of coastal waters outside Helsinki is achieved by 2027
- In most natural circumstances the oil spill clean up and control of the City of Helsinki significantly affects the amount and extent of oil that is reaching the inhabited areas

22.3.2013



Objectives - water protection

In a long-term perspective

- The nutrient discharge of the City of Helsinki is even more reduced and the recycling of nutrients is more effective
- The over-flooding from combined sewer systems is reduced by half from the level of today
- In most circumstances oil spill clean up and control is able to inhibit oil from reaching inhabited coastal areas

22.3.2013



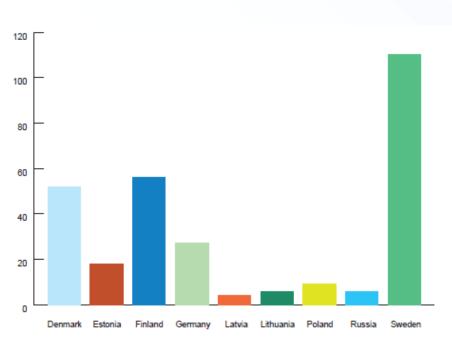
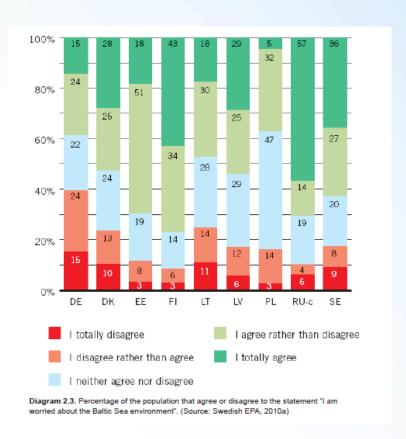


Diagram 2.1. Average Willingness-To-Pay per person in the different Baltic Sea countries expressed in Euros/year.



The Baltic Sea - Our Common Treasure. Economics of Saving the Sea. BalticSTERN. Havs- och vattenmyndigheten. Rapport 2013:4

Cultural differences important to consider – local waters mostly impacted by local abatements -> underlined role of all cities!



WWF (2012): Counter currents - scenarios for the Baltic Sea Towards 2030

What's in it for us here today?

- Recognizing that the health of people, local actors and ecosystems are interlinked
 - -> It is a welfare issue for us

Poor state of the marine environment reduces the cities' attractiveness, competitiveness and the citizens' welfare

- Showcasing good examples and make these examples the norm rather than the exception
 - -> Because we want to be forerunners

Cities decide on many actions that have direct impact on the sea, e.g. water treatment plants, ports, stormwater handling, scattered settlements, green areas and agriculture, marinas...

- Encouraging, incentivizing and supporting those individuals, industries and institutions who
 have not yet taken steps to advance but are eager to do so
- Ensuring that governance of the sea is integrated and coordinated, within and between sectors and countries
- Acting in partnership so that we can together, create a bright future for the Baltic Sea.
 - -> We have the **Baltic Sea Challenge!**
 - -> This is **CITYWATER!** 22.3.2013



